

SERBIA

Navigating Ageing in Serbia: Immigration, Care, and Political Inaction

Demographic ageing in Serbia constitutes a growing source of public anxiety and presents a multifaceted challenge. Immigration is not considered a viable policy response to mitigate the implications of an ageing population, encountering significant public resistance. In a context where immigration is selective, there is a notable preference for individuals originating from the Balkan region and Russia. The provision of care for older adults continues to be predominantly considered a responsibility of family members. Moreover, political actors are perceived as insufficiently responsive to the evolving needs of the ageing demographic.



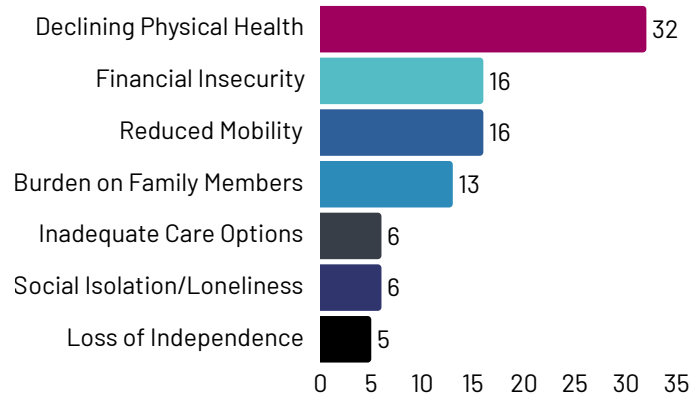
74% are mainly or very concerned about demographic ageing/population ageing.



79% oppose the idea of immigration as a solution to the challenges posed by an ageing population.

Key Concerns

Factors of Concern about Ageing (in %)



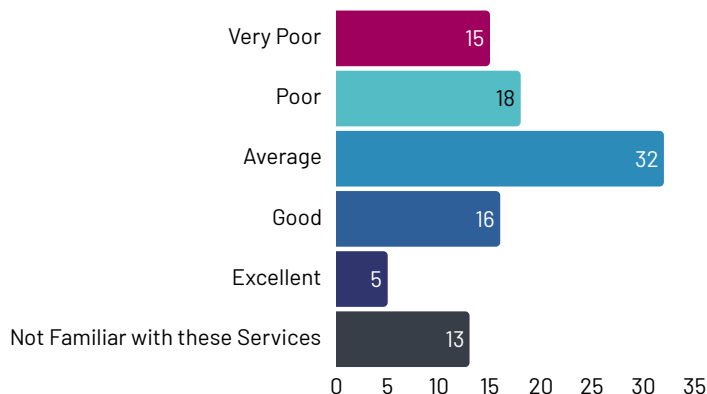
65% believe that the PUPS party represents the interests of older adults to a small extent or not at all.



41% believe the situation for older adults would get somewhat or much better with EU membership.

State Elder Care: How It Scores

(in %)



Responsibility of Elder Care

(first ranked, in %)

